



# 1967-68 Camaro

Gauge Cluster Kit Installation Instructions (510022)

### Important facts about this kit.

- 1. The dash panel used in this picture is used by permission of Covan's Classic.
- 2. This kit requires some modification to your original under dash wiring harness. It is not intended to be a complete plug and play interface. We strive to make the integration of this product as easy as possible. However, in many cases there are no mating connectors due to obsolescence of original factory connectors. This requires substitution of components that will require modifications on the part of the installer.
- As mentioned throughout the documentation included here, it is important to read
  the instructions that come with the gauges. This is important to identify the type of
  gauge used and any special requirements the manufacturer may have for
  installation.
- 4. This harness is designed to be used for Autometer Series I and Series II <u>short sweep</u> gauges. The harness is <u>not</u> compatible with Autometer full sweep gauges as they include their own sender harness assemblies. This harness assembly addresses connection of the water temperature, oil pressure, fuel, voltmeter, speedometer, and tachometer gauges, as well as indicator lights for turn signals, high beam lights, and emergency brake (if originally equipped).
- 5. Vehicle grounding and specifically instrument panel grounding are extremely important to the operation of you gauges. Check your grounds as this is the most common problem concerning proper operation of your gauges.

#### STEP 1:

Install the blade terminals to the back of each of the 4 small gauges. Secure the terminal with a lock washer and nut. There are specific left, center, and right hand terminals. Install as shown in the photo.

NOTE: Voltmeters use the 'GND' and 'I' terminals only.

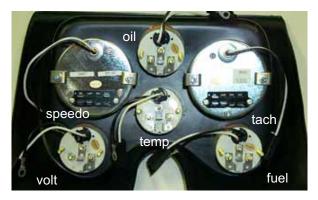


#### STEP 2:

Plug the appropriate lamp socket pigtails into the 4 smaller gauges. This picture shows the lamp socket on a Series I gauge. Series II gauges have an integral blade terminal for the lamp power and ground connection.



STEP 3: Insert the gauges into the housing in the locations shown.



#### STEP 4:

Drill 4 mounting holes for LED's, using a 5/32" drill bit, at the desired locations. Insert LED's in the hole from the front of the panel.

NOTE: The LED housings are a taper fit into the hole. Press the LED housing all the way in to tighten against the instrument panel.

#### STEP 5:

Connect the black ground wires from the lamp pigtails to the center ground studs of the smaller gauges as shown.

NOTE 1: This picture shows connection of individual light sockets as would appear on Series I gauges. The speedometer and tachometer have separate twist-in light sockets.



NOTE 2: This picture shows connection of lighting as would appear on Series II gauges. A separate blade terminal for power and ground exists for the internal lighting. The speedometer and tachometer have a specific lamp terminal within the 8 cavity plug.







#### STEP 6:

Install the mounting brackets on all the 6 gauges. The completed assembly is now ready for the connection of the wiring harness. Note that this assembly shows Series I gauges.



#### STEP 7:

Plug in gauge connections using the supplied connectors. Plug in the connectors in the order shown below. A typical plug-in is shown in this picture.

> pink / black / tan 2. TACH pink / black / white 3. TEMP pink / black / dark green 4. OIL pink / black / dark blue 5. VOLT pink / black

6. SPEEDO

pink / black / purple



#### STEP 8:

Plug each lamp power wire (white) into the mating connectors on each gray wire (DASH LIGHTS) on the new harness.

The supplied wiring harness comes with plug-in female terminals for the power and ground terminals of the Series II type 2 1/16 inch and 2 5/8 inch gauges. This is a direct plug into the terminals on the gauge. If you are using Series I gauges, you will have to remove these terminals and connectors and install the male and female disconnect terminals supplied in the kit to connect the individual light sockets. This picture shows this connection type. Please refer to the instruction sheet in the 500928 Gauge Side Wiring sub-kit for a more detailed explanation of the differences in the gauges.



#### STEP 9:

Select an LED lamp from the panel, and attach the appropriate signal lead wire from the harness, as noted below. Each signal wire will attach to the red LED lead wire from the panel. Trim the wires from the harness to the desired length before crimping.

LED color blue green green red	function high beam left hand turn right hand turn brake	power wire color light green light blue dark blue pink
red	brake	pink

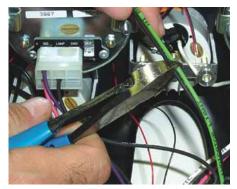
#### STEP 10:

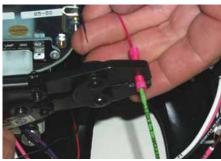
Install butt connectors, as shown, matching the wire functions noted above with the proper LED. Trim wires from the harness to the desired length before crimping.

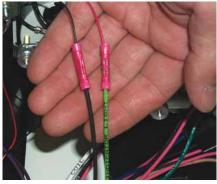
Match the black wire from each LED panel lamp with a black ground wire from the harness for all LED lamps except the red brake warning LED.

If you are using the red brake warning LED lamp, remove the factory lamp socket and attach the black lead wire from this LED lamp to the factory brown wire. As noted above, the red will connect to the factory pink wire.

LED color	function	signal ground wire color
red	brake	tan







Step 11:

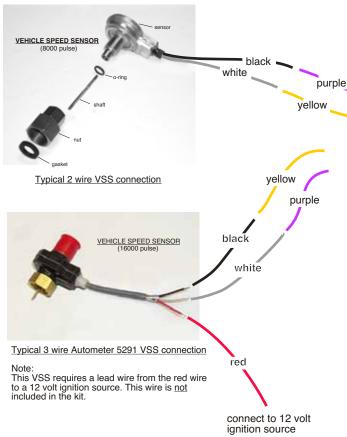
This is a completed LED splice.

#### **STEP 12:**

The speedometer connection has a separate long yellow wire with a ring terminal on the end. This wire is twisted around the purple vehicle speed sensor lead that is plugged into the speedometer connector. The purpose of this wire is to cancel out any signal interference to the speedometer and must be grounded to a good chassis ground after the instrument cluster is finally installed.

#### STEP 13:

This kit uses an electronic programmable speedometer which requires a vehicle speed sensor that replaces the original speedometer cable at the transmission. Below are the connections for the various vehicle speed sensors that may be supplied in your kit.

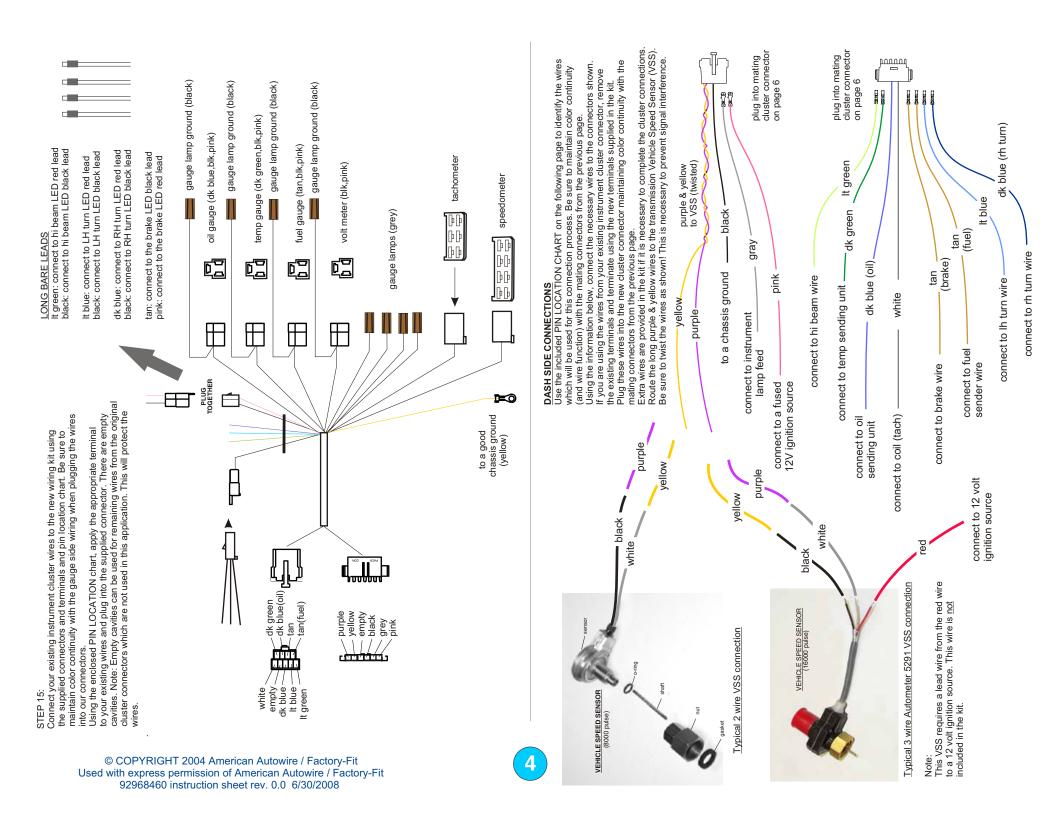


#### STEP 14:

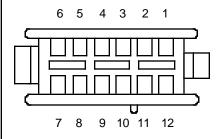
This completes the wiring of the gauge cluster. The next steps involve the preparation of the under dash harness to incorporate the mating plug connection for the gauge harness disconnect. There are two different instrument cluster designs for the 1969 Camaro.

The first design is the warning light dash design that was only available with warning lights for oil pressure, water temp., and generator.

The second design is the optional factory gauge design that was available with factory gauges for tachometer, oil pressure, water temp., and ammeter. Under dash connections differ for each type of dash design. The following pages will identify the connections for each dash design.



## Printed Circuit Cluster Connector Pin Locations



	1967	68 CAMARO	DASH PRINT	ED CIRCU	IT CONNE	CTOR PIN	LOCATIO	ONS	<u> </u>
Circuit				1967	1967	1968	1968		
NO.	Function		Wire Color	factory	warning	factory	warning		
NO.	Tunction		Wife Color	gauges	lightsc	gauges	lightsc		
				Pin Loc	Pin Loc	Pin Loc	Pin Loc		
				FIII LOC	FIII LOC	FIII LOC	TIII LOC		
30	Fuel tank s	ender	tan	see note 1	1	see note 1	1		
39	12 Volt fu	sed power	pink	7	7	7	7		
25	Alternator	light	brown	see note 2	11	see note 2	11		
33	Brake Warr	ning	tan	10	10	10	10		
14	Left Turn	ndicator	light blue	9	9	9	9		
31	Oil pressur	e sender	dark blue	see note 1	8	see note 1	8		
15	Right Turn	Indicator	dark blue	12	12	12	12		
8	Instrument	Lights	gray	3	3	3	3		
35	Coolant te	mperature sender	dark green	see note 1	2	see note 1	2		
121	Tachomete	r	brown	1		2			
952	Low Fuel I	ndicator (not used)	yellow			8		see note 4	
11	High Beam	Indicator	light green	see note 3	see note 3	see note 3	see note 3		
Notes:									
1	1967-68 f	actory gauges cars v	vere equipped wi	ith the consol	e gauge pack	age consisting	of		
		fuel, temperature, a	mmeter electric	al gauges and	a mechanical	oil pressure g	auge.		
2	Factory gauges cars were not equipped with an alternator charge light								
3	The high b	eam indicator light i	s a separate soc	ket mounted	top center in	the original cl	uster.		
		It does not have a	circuit board cor	nection.					
4	1967 low 1	uel indicator lead wi	e was a 12 volt	lead from the	e original low	fuel indicator n	nodule to a s	eparate	
		light socket mount	ed underneath t	he circuit boa	ard and groun	ded through tl	ne cluster ho	using.	
	1968 low 1	uel indicator lead wi	re was a ground	lead from the	original low f	uel indicator n	nodule		

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